

Lesson 76 Characters 226-228 坐 再 重

Review Sheet

- Note 1: Read the following material as review for this lesson.
- Note 2: Traditional characters are shown in parentheses.
- Note 3: Characters that are also components are listed both in the "Basic Components Review" section and again in the "Characters Review" section.

Characters Review

Character	Pinyin	Meaning	Words / Phrases that Contain this Character		
Character	iaracter i mym ivicaning	Character	Pinyin	Meaning	
	zuò t	to sit/ to travel by	请坐。 (請坐)	qǐng zuò	Please sit down.
坐			坐飞机 (坐飛機)	zuò fēi jī	travel by plane
			坐火车 (坐火車)	zuò huŏ chē	travel by train/ take a train
			再见 (再見)	zài jiàn	goodbye (see you again)
再	zài	again	下次再来! (下次再來!)	xià cì zài lái	Come back again! (Lit. next time come again)
			再说一遍(再說一遍)	zài shuō yí biàn	say it again, one more time



Characters Review

Character	Character Pinyin	Meaning	Words / Phrases that Contain this Character		
Character			Character	Pinyin	Meaning
			多重?	duō zhòng	How heavy?
重	zhòng/	heavy/	保重	bǎo zhòng	take care (Lit. maintain weight)
主 chóng	chóng	weight	体重 (體重)	tǐ zhòng	weight(of a person) (Lit. body weight)
			重要	zhòng yào	important

Font Comparison

Here is how the characters look in various commonly used fonts. You will notice some subtle differences. Your computer will probably already contain some of these fonts, so try them out for yourself as you type!

Note: "ti" as in "Kai ti" means "style" or "font." Among these fonts, "Song" is the most commonly used printing font. Almost all Chinese books printed in Mainland China use "Song ti."

Kai ti	Song ti	Hei ti	Handwriting
坐	坐	坐	坐
再	再	再	再
重	重	重	重

Worksheet

Note: Please feel free to print the next few pages if you want (especially if you're doing the handwriting practice). Otherwise, answer the questions directly in this PDF.

Reading Comprehension

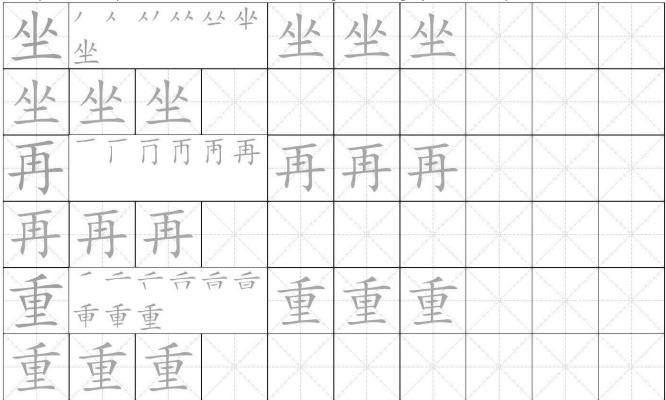
Without looking at the material above, please translate the following phrases and sentences into English. You can type directly onto the PDF file below the Chinese. (You will find the answer key below the "real life reading practice" section.)

- 1. 坐飞机从中国 dào 英国 xū yào 多久?
- 2. 我的老朋友, 我走了! 有机会我们再见!
- 3. 你体重是多少?

Handwriting Practice (optional)

After you print this page, please follow these steps to learn to handwrite the characters from this lesson.

- 1. Trace the character in the first box following the stroke order demonstrated in the box to the right.
- 2. Repeat the step for the rest of the boxes, tracing over the grey lines when provided.





Real life reading practice

- 1. Look at the picture and circle or write down the character(s) you recognize. You should be able to type the characters you recognize directly onto the pdf file below the image if you prefer not to print.
- 2. Write down the character's pinyin above it.
- 3. Check your answer against the Answer Key on the next page.

Picture 1:

体重指数	(BMI) 标准
体重类型	体重指数 (BMI)
肥胖	BMI ≥ 28.0
超重	24.0 ≤ BMI <28.0
正常	18.5 ≤ BMI<24.0
过轻	BMI<18.5

Picture 2:





Picture 3:



When You've Finished Reviewing...

Please go back to the webpage for this lesson to DOWNLOAD and take the self-quiz so you can make sure you've really mastered the material from this lesson!

Answer Key for Reading Comprehension

- 1. 坐飞机从中国 dào 英国 xū yào 多久? How long does it take to fly from China to England? (Lit. take plane from China to England need how long time?)
- 2. 我的老朋友,我走了! 有机会我们再见! My old friend, I'm leaving! Let's meet again when we have a chance! (Lit. My old friend, I leaving (le)! Have opportunity, we again meet!)
- 3. 你体重是多少? What is your weight? (Lit. You body weight is how much?)

Answer Key for Real Life Reading Practice

The **RED** character(s) are the ones you should recognize. Picture 1

体重指数	(BMI) 标准
体重类型	体重指数 (BMI)
肥胖	BMI ≥ 28.0
超重	24.0 ≤ BMI <28.0
正常	18.5 ≤ BMI<24.0
V.1.4-7	

tǐ zhòng zhǐ shù (BMI) biāo zhǔn 体重 指数(BMI) 标准

Body Mass Index Standard

(The Body Mass Index (BMI) is defined as the body mass divided by the square of the body height, and is universally expressed in units of kg/m2. In Chinese, it's called "tǐ zhòng zhǐ biāo")



Picture 2



zài shēng néng yuán

再生 能 源

Renewable (Sources of) Energy

(Renewable energy is generally defined as energy that comes from resources which are naturally replenished on a human timescale. In 2013, China led the world in renewable energy production, with a total capacity of 378 Gigawatts) Picture 3



rú yù huǒ jǐng qǐng wù chéng zuò diàn tī 如遇 火 警 请 勿 乘 坐 电 梯

If Encounter Fire Alarm, Please Do Not Take the Elevator)

(This type of warning sign is always displayed inside and outside of an elevator. Do you spot the typo in the English translation?)